

In the Claims:

Claims 1-9 (Canceled).

Claim 10 (Original): A method of fabricating a liquid crystal cell, comprising:
 a first step of obtaining a liquid crystal cell having liquid crystal filled
 between two substrates stuck together by a sealant;
 a second step of discharging bubbles mixed in the liquid crystal from the
 inside of the liquid crystal cell by pressing the liquid crystal cell in a direction where the two
 substrates approach to each other; and
 a third step of replenishing the liquid crystal cell with liquid crystal by use
 of a capillary phenomenon.

Claim 11 (Original): The method of fabricating a liquid crystal cell according to
claim 10, wherein in the first step, the liquid crystal cell is obtained by dropping the liquid crystal
onto one of the substrates coated with the sealant, and then superposing the other substrate
thereon.

Claim 12 (Original): The method of fabricating a liquid crystal cell according to
claim 10, wherein the second step is carried out at a temperature for causing viscosity of the
liquid crystal to be lower than the viscosity at a normal temperature, and the sealant to be softer
than the same at a normal temperature.

Claim 13 (Original): The method of fabricating a liquid crystal cell according to
claim 10, wherein in the second step, a gap between the two substrates is adjusted by pressing the
substrates.

Claim 14 (Original): The method of fabricating a liquid crystal cell according to claim 10, wherein in the third step, liquid crystal is replenished from a side of a conveying direction set for conveying the liquid crystal cell between the fabricating steps.